# Math 1XX3 Tutorial Problems 

for T04, T07 with Mike

Tutorial 2/Week 3

Topics: Differential equations. Logistic equation. First-order linear differential equations.
Note: Solutions to this problem set will be posted on Avenue. See Content $\rightarrow$ Tutorials $\rightarrow$ Problems with Solutions at the end of the week.

1. True or false?
(a) The differential equation is $e^{x} y^{\prime}=y$ is linear.
(b) The differential equation $y^{\prime}+x y=e^{y}$ is linear.
2. Which method would you use to solve each of the following differential equations?
(a) $y^{\prime}=x e^{-\sin x}-y \cos x$
(b) $\frac{d x}{d t}=1-t+x-t x$
(c) $2 y e^{y^{2}} y^{\prime}=2 x+3 \sqrt{x}$
(d) $x^{2} y^{\prime}-y=2 x^{3} e^{-1 / x}$
3. A remote island is measured to have an initial dragon population of 200. A year later the population is 350 .
(a) Let $P(t)$ be the dragon population at time $t$, where $t$ is in years. Assuming the island has a carrying capacity of 500 dragons, use the logistic equation to model the dragon population and solve for $P$.
(b) Sketch a graph of your model from part (a).
(c) How quickly is the dragon population increasing when the population is 300 ?
4. A stream feeds into a lake at a rate of $1000 \mathrm{~L} /$ day. The stream is polluted with a toxin whose concentration is $20 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$. Assume that the lake has volume $10^{6} \mathrm{~L}$ and that water flows out of the lake at the same rate of $1000 \mathrm{~L} /$ day.
(a) Find the equation $s(t)$ for the amount of toxin in the lake, assuming $s(0)=0$.
(b) Find the equation $c(t)$ for the concentration of toxin in the lake, assuming $c(0)=0$.
5. Bonus (time permitting). A Bernoulli differential equation is of the form

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}+P(x) y=Q(x) y^{n}
$$

Observe that if $n=0$ or $n=1$ then the equation is linear.
(a) Show that for other values of $n$, the substitution $u=y^{1-n}$ transforms the Bernoulli equation into the linear equation

$$
\frac{d u}{d x}+(1-n) P(x) u=(1-n) Q(x)
$$

(b) Solve the differential equation

$$
x y^{\prime}+y=-x y^{2} .
$$

